		Goods producing				Service providing									
Characteristic	Local government 2,3,4	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	100.0	100.0	-	100.0		100.0	100.0	-			100.0	100.0		100.0	
Nature of injury, illness:															
Fractures	6.3	7.1		7.4		6.3	8.4				7.2			5.3	
Sprains, strains, tears	41.1	57.1		59.3		40.9	47.3				39.1	48.1		40.3	
Amputations	.1														
Bruise, contusions	8.1					8.2	3.7				14.5			4.7	
Chemical burns and corrosions															
Heat (thermal) burns	.3					.3					.7				
Soreness, pain	14.6					14.8					7.5	21.2		20.6	
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	4.3					4.3					4.6 4.3	5.8		4.5	
Cuts, lacerations	3.6					3.5	2.2				4.3	5.8		3.2	
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	.7					./								1.3	
Carpal tunnel syndrome Tendonitis	.4					.4					.5			.3	
	2.2					2.2	5.9				1.9	9.6		1.4	
Multiple traumatic injuries	.9					.9	4.8				1.9			1.4	
With sprains and other injuries With fractures and other injuries	.2					.2	4.0				.5			.4	
Part of body affected:															
Head	5.2					5.2	2.6				7.0			4.4	
Eye	1.0					1.0					1.7			.6	
Neck	2.3					2.3	1.1				1.7			3.0	
Trunk	23.6	21.4		22.2		23.6	21.6				21.2	25.0		26.0	
Back	16.7	10.7		11.1		16.8	14.7				14.9	23.1		18.6	
Upper extremities	23.1	28.6		29.6		23.0	24.2				28.2	15.4		19.0	
Shoulder	6.7	14.3		14.8		6.6	6.2				6.3			7.2	
Arm	2.6					2.7	5.1				2.6			2.3	
Wrist	3.9					3.9					8.0			1.5	
Hand	7.2	14.3		14.8		7.2	9.5				8.6	3.8		5.6	
Lower extremities	25.3	25.0		22.2		25.3	23.8				24.4	21.2		26.5	
Knee	8.8	17.9		14.8		8.7	5.1				8.2			10.2	
Ankle	6.3					6.3					5.2	13.5		6.4	
Foot	6.7					6.7	5.1				8.7			5.7	
Toe, toenail	2.3					2.3					3.7			1.7	
Body systems	3.7					3.8					2.6	7.7		4.7	
Multiple	15.3	17.9		18.5		15.3	22.7				13.4	28.8		14.3	
Source of injury, illness:										1					
Chemical, chemical products	1.0					1.0					2.1				
Containers	4.9	7.1		7.4		4.8	4.4				7.7	11.5		2.4	
Furniture, fixtures	6.3					6.3	2.6				13.1			1.9	
Machinery	1.0					1.0					1.1	5.8		.8	
Parts and materials	2.4	14.3		14.8		2.2					1.4			1.9	
Person, injured or ill worker	31.7			22.2		31.8					17.4	32.7		40.7	
Worker motion or position	29.8			22.2		29.9					17.0	25.0		37.7	
Person, other than injured or ill workers	10.8					10.9	1.8				12.0			12.8	
Health care patient	2.7					2.7					3.7			2.9	
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	15.0	14.3		14.8		15.0	8.1				20.4	13.5		12.4	
Ladder	.9					.9					1.3			.6	
Handtools	2.0	7.1		7.4		1.9	2.6				1.5	13.5		1.7	

		Goods producing				Service providing									
Characteristic	Local government 2,3,4	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Vehicles	6.7	-				6.7	15.4				5.2			5.9	
Trucks	.9					.9	6.2							.3	
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	1.0					1.0					2.3				
Event or exposure:															
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	6.6					6.7	2.2				4.7			9.7	
Intentional injury by other person	1.6					1.7					1.5			2.2	
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	3.7					3.7					2.2			5.9	
Animal and insect related incidents	1.2					1.2					.9			1.6	
Transportation incidents	4.0					4.0	10.6				2.0			4.2	
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	2.8					2.8	5.1				1.5			3.2	
Fires and explosions															
Falls, slips, trips	27.2	25.0		25.9		27.2	29.7				35.0	25.0		20.7	
Slips, trips without fall	5.6	10.7		11.1		5.5	10.3				4.1			5.5	
Fall on same level	17.4					17.5	15.4				24.4	15.4		12.6	
Fall to lower level	3.2					3.2	3.7				6.1			1.1	
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	4.5	7.1		7.4		4.5	1.1				4.4			5.5	
Contact with object, equipment	14.3	17.9		18.5		14.3	9.9				21.5	11.5		9.3	
Struck by object or equipment	9.1	14.3		14.8		9.1	3.3				15.1	9.6		5.5	
Struck against object or equipment	2.9					2.9	1.1				4.0			2.3	
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	.9					.9	4.0				.8				
Overexertion and bodily reaction	40.6	42.9		44.4		40.5	46.5				31.6	59.6		45.4	
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	2.6					2.7	2.9				2.1			3.1	
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	8.2	7.1		7.4		8.2	2.9				11.0	19.2		6.7	

Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 09, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.